

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 159.153

Specific use patterns—listed according to use site group	Corresponding general use pattern
Garbage disposal units, food disposals Incinerators 14. <i>Miscellaneous Indoor Uses</i> Surface Treatments Hard nonporous surfaces (painted, tile, plastic, metal, glass, etc.) Hard porous surfaces (cement, plaster) Camping equipment and gear Grooming instruments (brushes, clippers, razors, etc.) Laundry, cleaning, and dry cleaning	Indoor

PART 159—STATEMENTS OF POLICIES AND INTERPRETATIONS

Subparts A–C [Reserved]

Subpart D—Reporting Requirements for Risk/Benefit Information

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AUTHORITY: 7 U.S.C. 136–136y.

SOURCE: 63 FR 49388, Sept. 19, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

Subparts A–C [Reserved]

Subpart D—Reporting Requirements for Risk/Benefit Information

§ 159.152 What the law requires of registrants.

(a) Section 6(a)(2) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) states: “If at any time after the registration of a pesticide the

registrant has additional factual information regarding unreasonable adverse effects on the environment of the pesticide, he shall submit such information to the Administrator.”

(b) Section 152.50(f)(3) of this chapter requires applicants to submit, as part of an application for registration, any factual information of which he is aware regarding unreasonable adverse effects of the pesticide on humans or the environment, which would be required to be reported under section 6(a)(2) if the product were registered.

(c) Compliance with this part will satisfy a registrant’s obligations to submit additional information pursuant to section 6(a)(2) and will satisfy an applicant’s obligation to submit additional information pursuant to § 152.50(f)(3) of this chapter.

§ 159.153 Definitions.

(a) For the purposes of reporting information pursuant to FIFRA section 6(a)(2), the definitions set forth in FIFRA section 2 and in 40 CFR part 152 apply to this part unless superseded by a definition in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) For purposes of reporting information pursuant to FIFRA section 6(a)(2), the following definitions apply only to this part:

Established level means a tolerance, temporary tolerance, food additive regulation, action level, or other limitation on pesticide residues imposed by law, regulation, or other authority.

Formal Review means Special Review, Rebuttable Presumption Against Registration (RPAR), FIFRA section 6(c) suspension proceeding, or FIFRA section 6(b) cancellation proceeding, whether completed or not.

Hospitalization means admission for treatment to a hospital, clinic or other health care facility. Treatment as an out-patient is not considered to be hospitalization.

Maximum contaminant level (MCL) means the maximum permissible level, established by EPA, for a contaminant in water which is delivered to any user of a public water system.

Non-target organism means any organism for which pesticidal control was either not intended or not legally permitted by application of a pesticide.